Nylon Mini Coils

Specifications

Temperature Range -60°F to +180°F

Vacuum Rating
To 28" Hg.

Tube Diameter
Tolerances

±. 004

Tube Markings FW Specifications

Standard Tail Lengths 2" on each end reelin-Wade's Nylon Mini Coils have two inch integral pigtails on each end. This allows for instant push-to-connect or standard compression fittings to be used. These small diameter coils are flexible and easy to handle. They are ideal for small pneumatic tools and robotic applications. Our Mini Coils are made from tough abrasion resistant Nylon.

Variations are easy. If you don't see the color or length that you want, just ask us. We can configure Nylon Mini Coils to perfectly match your requirements.



Nylon Mini Coils

Part Number & Color Code	OD	ID	Standard Colors		Pressure 150°F/65°C	Material Length	Working Length	Retracted Length	Coil OD
N1063	5/32"	.106"	0) 03 05 06 07 08 09 10	298 PSI	179 PSI	4.4'	3-1/2'	3"	1.312"
N1066						8.8'	7'	6"	
N10612						1 <i>7.5</i> '	14'	12"	
N10624						35'	28'	24"	
N1706						5'	4'	6"	
N1709						6.9'	5-1/2'	9"	
N17012	1/4"	.170"	0) 03 05 06 07 08 09 10	280 PSI	170 PSI	9.4'	7-1/2'	12"	1.750"
N17024						19.4'	15-1/2'	25"	
N17036						28'	22-1/2'	36"	
37 1 .1									<u></u>

Variations Available:

Colors • Printing • Packaging • Sizes

Coil Terminology

oil Diameter plays a very significant role in retractability.

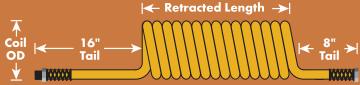
The smaller and tighter the coil diameter, the snappier and more retractable the coil becomes.

Working Length is based on how far a coil can be stretched and used comfortably. Tail length is factored into working length.

Retracted Length is the length of the coiled section of the body of the coil. It does not include the length of tails.

Tails (or Pigtails) make it easier to use a coil. Our standard tail lengths are 8" and 16". Coils with longer or shorter tails are available.





Resource Guide-Chemical Resistance Chart

his information was provided to Freelin-Wade by our suppliers and other sources. It is to be used only as a general reference guide to aid in the selection of products in which chemical and material compatibility issues are a factor. This guide is not intended as a complete nor conclusive database. Freelin-Wade does not guarantee these ratings since the resistance of a material can be greatly affected by the temperature, consistency, and presence of other chemicals. Ultimately, the consumer must determine the chemical compatibility of an item based on the conditions in which the product is being used.

	PUR	PE	PVC	Nylon	Kynar
Acetic Acid, Glacial Acetic Acid, 30%	4	2	4	2	1
Acetone	4	2	4	1	4
Acetylene Alkazene	4	•	1	1	-
Aluminum Chloride (aq) Aluminum Nitrate (aq)	3	2	1 2		1
Ammonia Anhydrous	4	2	1	i	4
Ammonia Gas (cold) Ammonia Gas (hot) Ammonium Chloride (aq) 40%	4		-	1	4
Ammonium Chloride (aq) 40% Ammonium Sulfate (aq)	2	1	1	1	1
Amyl Alcohol Amyl Naphthalene	4	2	1		1
Animal Fats	1	-	-		-
Aqua Regia Arsenic Acid	3	2	3		1
Asphalt ASTM Fuel A	2	1	1		1
ASTM Fuel B	3	-	. 4		-
ASTM Fuel C Barium Chloride (aq)	3 1	1	1	1	1
Beer Beet Sugar Liquors	2	2	1	1	1
Benzene	3	4	3	1	1
Benzine Blast Furnace Gas	2	-	-	-	
Bleach Solutions Borax	4	1	1		1
Boric Acid	1	1	i	-	1
Brake Fluid Brine	2	•	3	•	1
Bromine Water	4 2	-	3	4	1
Bunker Oil Butane	1	3	3	1	1
Butter Butyl Alcohol (Butanol)	3	1	3	1	1
Butylene Calcium Chloride (aq)	4	1	1	i	1
Calcium Hydroxide (aq)	2	i	2		1
Calcium Nitrate (aq) Calcium Sulfide (aq)	1	-	1	1	1
Cane Sugar Liquors	4	- 4	1	-	1
Carbolic Acid Carbon Dioxide	1	2	1	-	1
Carbonic Acid Carbon Monoxide	4	2	1	-	1
Carbon Tetrachloride Castor Oil	4	4	4	3	1
Chlorine (dry) Chlorine (wet)	4	3	4	4	1
Chlorine (wet) Chloroform	4	3	4	3	1
Chlorox	4	ī	4	4	1
Chromic Acid 50%	1	i	2	1	1
Coal Tar (Creosote) Coconut Oil	3	i .	1	-	1
	1	1	1		-
Copper Chloride (aq)	1	2	1		1
Coke Oven Gas Copper Chloride (aq) Copper Cyanide (aq) Corn Oil	1	2	1 2		1
Coffon Seed Oil	1	1	2	4	1
Creosol (Methyl Phenol) Cychlohexane	1	4	4	1	i
Denatured Alcohol Detergent Solution	3	1	1		
Diesel Oil	2	3	1		4
Dioxane Dowtherm Oil	3	-	-	- :	-
Dry Cleaning Fluids Ethane	4	-	1	-	-
Ethyl Acrylate	4	- 2	- 3	3	1
Ethyl Alcohol (Ethanol) Ethyl Benzine	4	-	-	-	-
Ethyl Cellulose Ethyl Chloride	2	4	4		1
Ethyl Ether	3	4	4	-	1
Ethylene Chloride Ethylene Glycol ⁵ (Anti-Freeze)	4	4 1	4 1	1	1
Ethylene Oxide Ethylene Trichloride Ferric Chloride (aq) Ferric Sulfate (aq) Ferric Sulfate (aq)	4	3	3	1	1
Ferric Chloride (aq)	1	2	1		1
Ferric Sulfate (aq)	1 2	- 1	1		1
Fluroine (Liquid) Formaldehyde (RT)	4	3	4	1	1
Formic Acid Freon 11	4	2	į	4	1
Freon 12	4 1	3 1	1	1	-
Freon 22 Fuel Oil (Bunker 'C')	4 2	3	1	1	1
Gasoline (100 Octane, High Test)	3	4	3	1	1
Glue Glycerin (Glycerol)	1	1	3	1	1
Glycerin (Glycerol) Glycols Green Sulfate Liquor	4	-	-	1 -	-
Hexane	2	41	2 ²	-	ī
Hydraulic Oil Hydrochloric Acid (cold) 37%	1	1-3 2	1 2	4	1
Hydrochloric Acid (hot) 37%	4	-	-	4	1
Hydrofluroic Acid (Conc.) (cold) Hydrofluroic Acid (Conc.) (hot)	4	2	-	•	1
Hydrogen Gas Isobutyl Alcohol	3	1	1 -	1	1
Isooctane	3 2 4	3	1		1
Isopropyl Acetate Isopropyl Alcohol (Isopropanol)	3	1	-	1	1
Isopropyl Ether Kerosene	2 1	1 4	2	1	1
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	PUR	PE	PVC	Nylon	Kynar
Lacquers Lacquer Solvents	4	1	4		
Lard	1	i	i		1
Lavender Oil Lead Acetate (aq)	4	1	1		1
Linseed Oil Liquified Petroleum Gas	2	3	1	1	1
Lubricating Oils	1-2 ³	4	2	1	1
Lye Magnesium Chloride (aq)	4	1-4 ⁴	1-2	1	1
Magnesium Hydroxide (aq)	4	2	1	-	1
Mercury Methane	3	1	1 2	1	1
Methyl Acetate	4	2	4	1	1
Methyl Acrylate Methyl Alcohol (Methanol)	4	1	1	i	i
Methyl Butyl Ketone Methyl Chloride	4	4	1	1	1
Methylene Chloride Methyl Ethyl Ketone	4	4	4	-	1
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	4	2	4	1	4
Milk	4	- 1	- 1	1	1
Mineral Oil Motor Oil 20W, 10W40	1	3	1	1	1
Naphtha (Lighter Fluid)	2	4	1	1	1
Naphthalene (Moth Repellent) Natural Gas	2	2	4 1	1	1
Neatsfoot Oil Nitric Acid 70%	1	-	-	- 4	1
Nitric Acid (Dilute) 10%	3	2	1	4	1
Nitroethane	4	i	-		1
N-Octane Oleic Acid	2	1	3	1	1
Oleic Acid Oleum Spirits Olive Oil	3 1	4	4		4 1
Oxygen (cold)	1	-	-	1	1
Oxygen (cold) Oxygen (200-400F)	4		-		
Paint Thinner, Duco Perchloric Acid	4	ī	3	-	1
Perchloroethylene	2	3	3	3	1
Petroleum - Below 250F Petroleum - Above 250F	4	-	-	4	-
Phenol (Carbolic Acid) Phenyl Ethyl Ether Phosphoric Acid - 45%	3	2	3-4	4	1
Phosphoric Acid - 45%	4	1	2	2	1
Pickling Solution Picric Acid	4	1	4	3	1
Potassium Acetate (aq)	4	-	-	-	1
Potassium Chloride (aq) Potassium Cyanide (aq)	1	2	1		1
Potassium Hydroxide (aq)	4	1	1	3	4
Producer Gas Propane	1	1	1	1	1
Propyl Alcohol (Propanol)	4	ī	1	-	1
Propylene Propylene Glycol (Anti-Freeze)	3	1	3	2	1
Propylene Oxide	4	2	-	-	4
Pydraul, 10E, 29 ELT Pydraul 30E, 50E, 65E	4		-		
Pydraul, 115E	4	-		- :	
Pydraul 230E, 312C, 540C Rapeseed Oil	2	4	-	-	-
RJ-1 (MIL-F-23338 B) RP-1 (MIL-F-25576 C)	1				
Salt Water	2	1	1	1	1
Sewage Silicate Esters	1	-	-	-	1
Silicone Oils	1	1	i	•	1
Silver Nitrate Skydrol 500	1	1	1		1
Skydrol 500 Skydrol 700	4	-	-	-	
Soap Solutions Sodium Chloride (aq)	3	4	1	1	-
Sodium Hydroxide (aq)	4	1	1	2	4
Sodium Peroxide (aq) Sodium Phosphate (aq)	1	1 -	2		1
Sodium Sulfate (aq)	1	1	1		-
Soy Bean Oil Stoddard Solvent	2 1	3	1		1
Styrene (Monomer)	4	2	4	- 1	1
Sucrose Solution Sulfuric Acid (Dilute Battery Acid)	3	1	i	-	i
Sulfuric Acid (Conc) Sulfuric Acid (20% Oleum)	4	2	4		1
Sulturous Acid	4	2	1	- :	-
Tannic Acid Tetrochlorethylene	4	1 2	1		1
Toluene (Toluol)	4	3	4	1	1
Transformer Oil Transmission Fluid Type A	2		2	-	
Trichloroethane	4	4	3	3	1
Trichloroethylene Turbine Oil	4 1	3	4	3 1	1
Turpentine	4	4	4	1	1
Varnish Vinegar	3	3	4	1	1
Vinyl Chloride	4	4	4	-	1
Water Whiskey, Wines	1 2	1	1	1	1
White Oil	1	-	-	-	-
Wood Oil Xylene	3 4	4	4	1	1
Zinc Acetate (aq)	4	-			i
Zinc Chloride (aq)	2	1	T		1
1 Petroleum Base 2 Synthetic	Base =	1. Petr	oleum	Base :	= 3

Rating Scale

- 1= Little or no impact
- 2= Minor effect
- 3= Moderate effect
- 4= Severe effect

1 Petroleum Base **2** Synthetic Base = 1, Petroleum Base = 3 **3** SAE 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 = 1, Petroeum = 2

4 Calcium Hydroxide & Potassium (Hydroxide=1, Sodium Hydroxide=4) 5 See Propylene Glycol 6 See Ethylene Glycol